### What is an Agile Tester?

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Agile & Lean coach

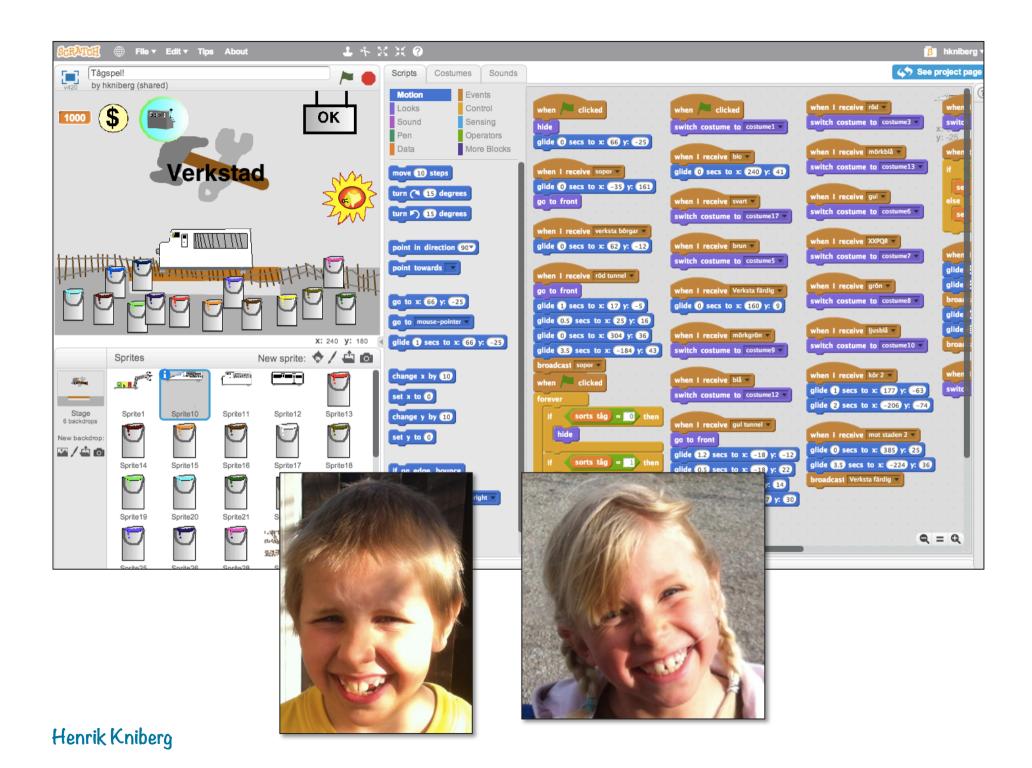




### Author



## Agile tester mindset





### COVER FEATURE

### **Iterative and Incremental Development:** A Brief History

Although many view iterative and incremental development as a modern practice, its application dates as far back as the mid-1950s, Prominent software-engineering thought leaders from each succeeding decade supported IID practices, and many large projects used them successfully.

Craig I.arman Valtech

Victor R. Basili University of Maryland

some view iterative, evolutionary, and cornerstone of these methods-as the "modern" replacement of the waterfall model, but its practiced and published roots go back PRE-1970 decades. Of course, many software-engineering students are aware of this, yet surprisingly, some com-

This description of projects and individual contributions provides compelling evidence of iterative and incremental development's (IID's) long existence. Many examples come from the 1970s and 1980s-the most active but least known part of IID's history. We are mindful that the idea of IID came independently from countless unnamed projects and the contributions of thousands and that this list is merely representative. We do not mean this article to diminish the unsung importance of other IID contributors.

We chose a chronology of IID projects and approaches rather than a deep comparative analysis. The methods varied in such aspects as iteration length and the use of time boxing. Some attempted significant up-front specification work followed by incremental time-boxed development, while others were more classically evolutionary and feedback driven. Despite their differences, however, all the approaches had a common theme-to avoid a single-pass sequential, document-driven, gated-step

me prefer to reserve the phrase "iterative deve

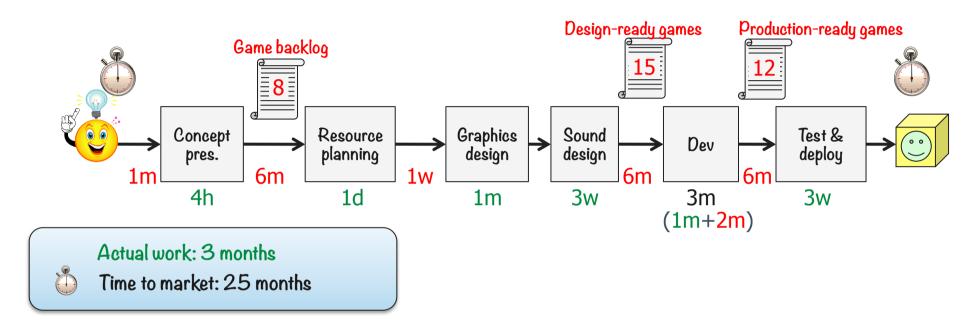
s agile methods become more popular, opment" merely for rework, in modern agile methods the term implies not just revisiting work, but incremental software development—a also evolutionary advancement—a usage that dates from at least 1968.

IID grew from the 1930s work of Walter Shewhart, a quality expert at Bell Labs who promercial and government organizations still are not. posed a series of short "plan-do-study-act" (PDSA) cycles for quality improvement. Starting in the 1940s, quality guru W. Edwards Deming began vigorously promoting PDSA, which he later described in 1982 in Out of the Crisis.2 Tom Gilb3 and Richard Zultner4 also explored PDSA application to software development in later works.

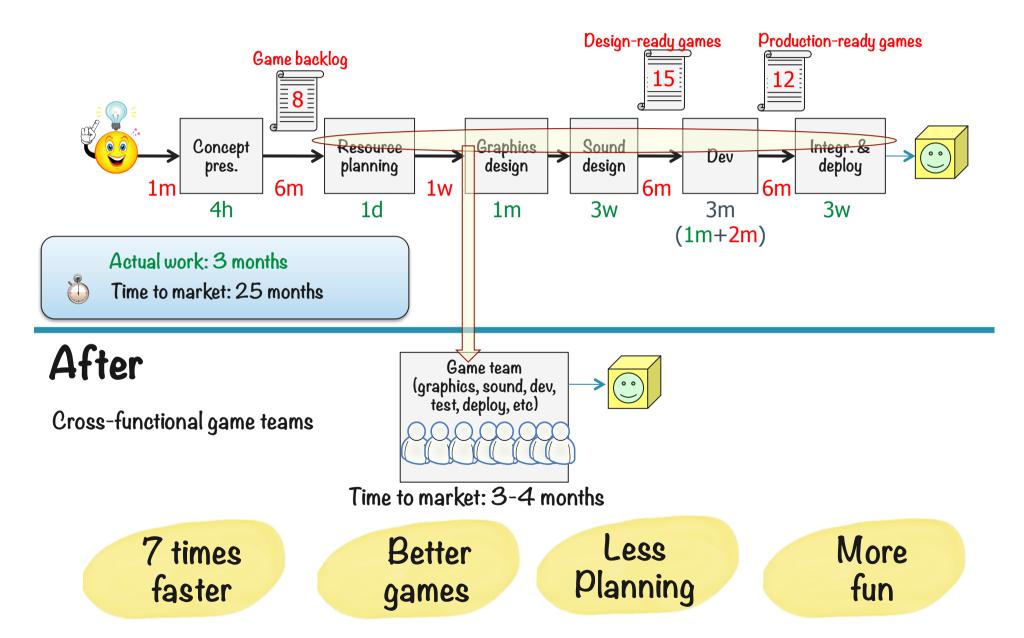
> The X-15 hypersonic jet was a milestone 1950s project applying IID,5 and the practice was considered a major contribution to the X-15's success. Although the X-15 was not a software project, it is noteworthy because some personnel-and hence. IID experience—seeded NASA's early 1960s Project Mercury, which did apply IID in software. In addition, some Project Mercury personnel seeded the IBM Federal Systems Division (FSD), another early

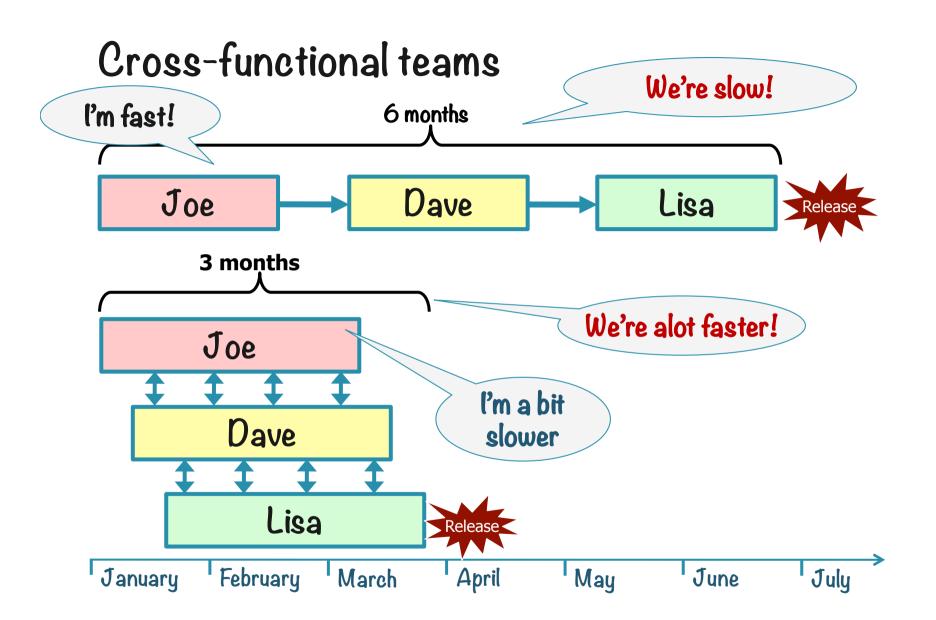
Project Mercury ran with very short (half-day) iterations that were time boxed. The development team conducted a technical review of all changes, and, interestingly, applied the Extreme Programming practice of test-first development, planning and writing tests before each micro-increment. Finally, a note about our terminology: Although They also practiced top-down development with

### Case study: Game development company



### Before



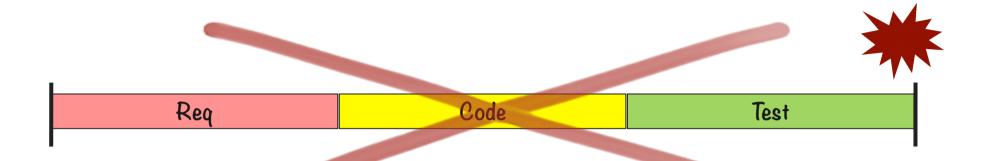


Test phase

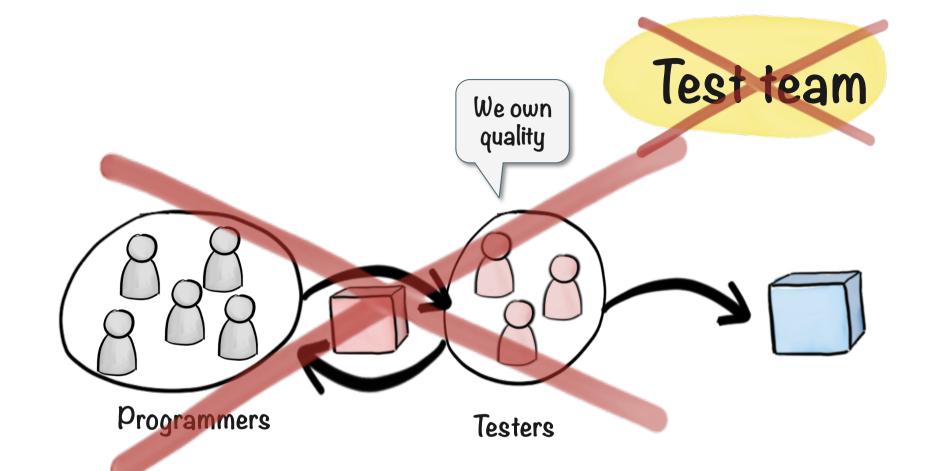
Test team

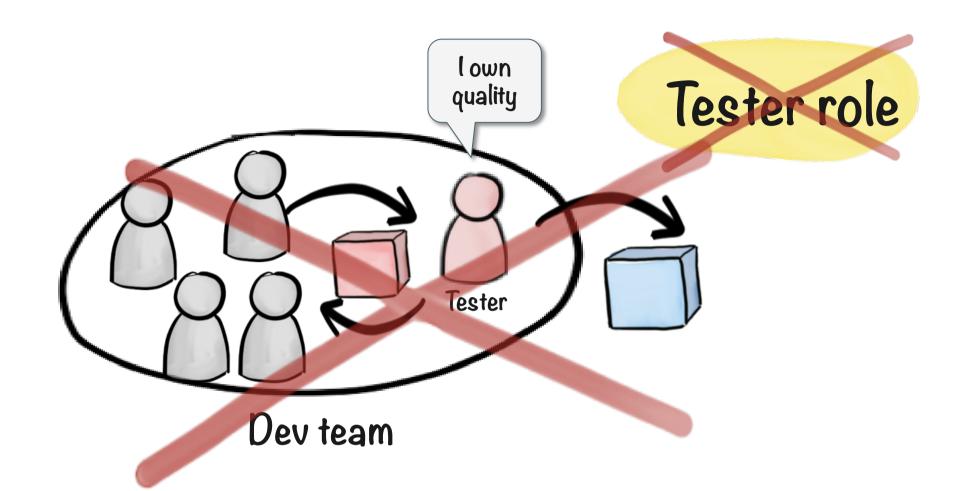
Tester role

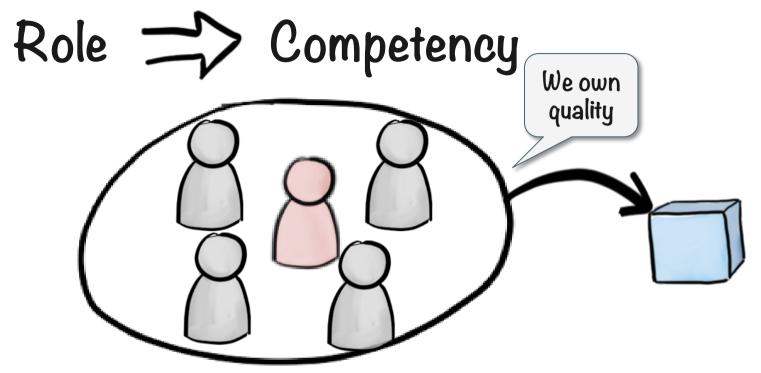






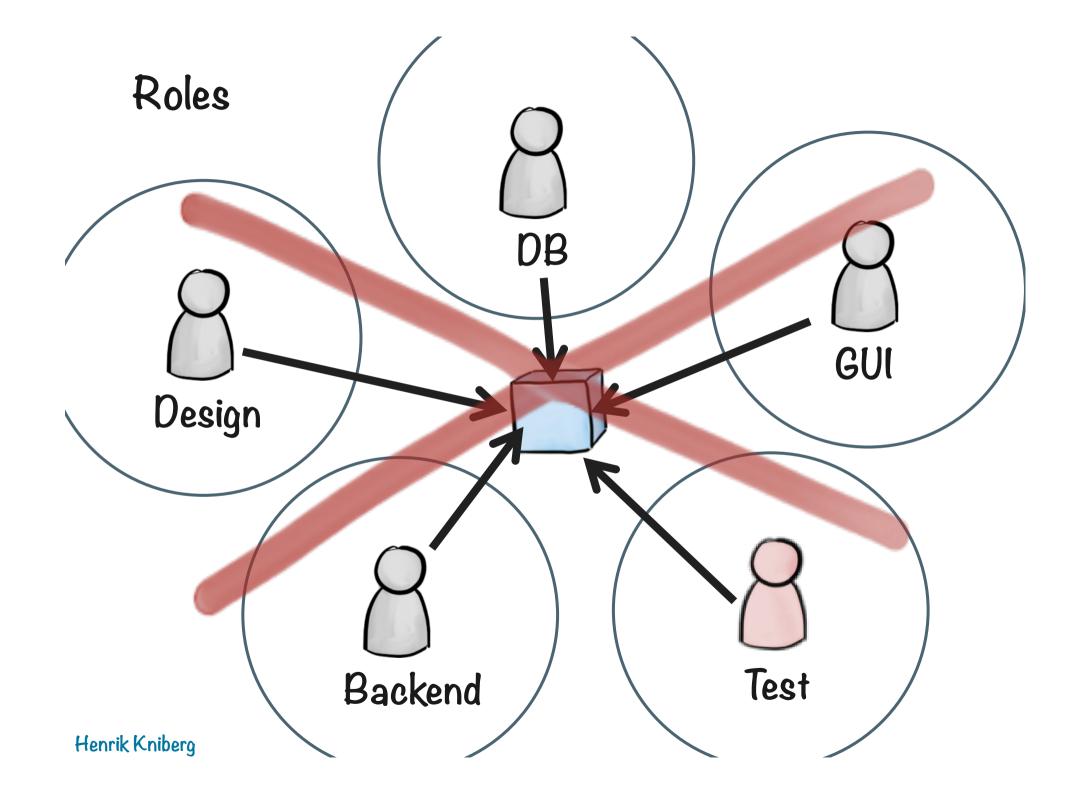


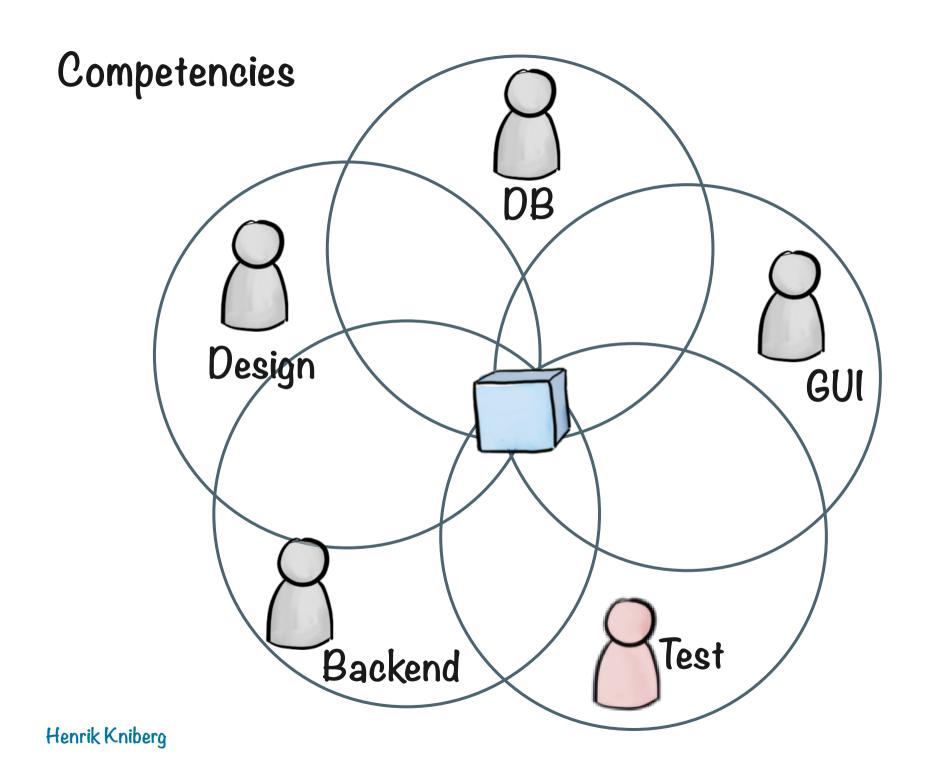




Cross-functional development team

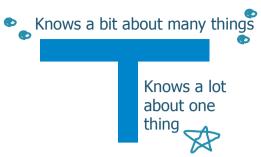
QA = Quality Assurance = Quality Assistance

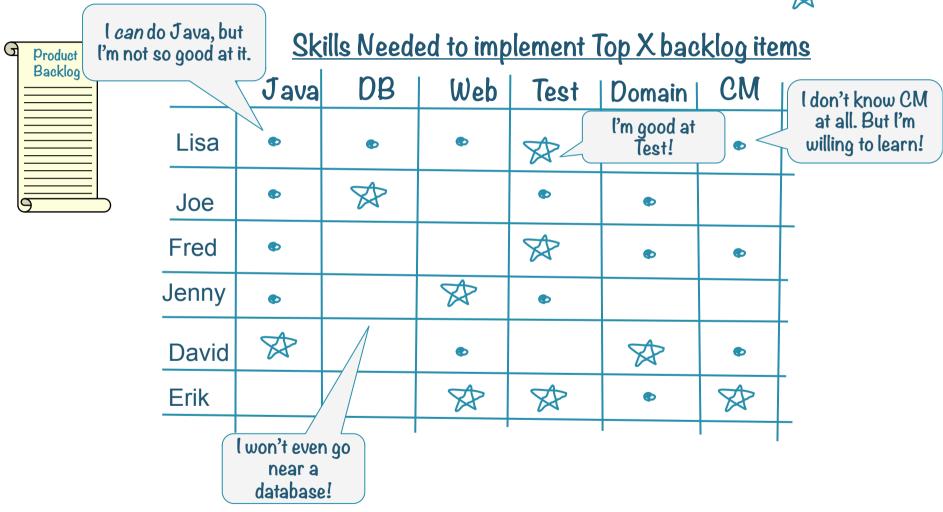




### Cross functional team

Doesn't mean everyone has to know everything





### ensure How do you know that your product works?

1. Understand the problem

Who are the stakeholders?

What need do they have, that we want to solve?

How will we know when we've solved it?

How will we know if we're moving in the right direction?

2. Iterate until you've solved it

Minimize the distance to MVP

Deliver, measure, adjust continuously

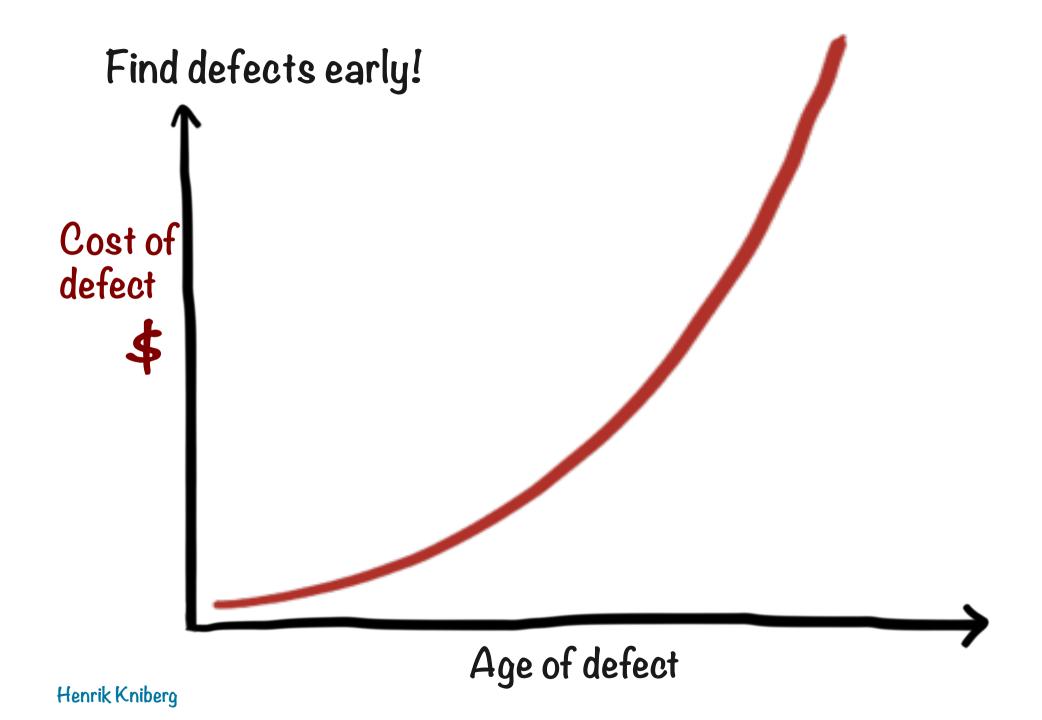
# Typical activities

### Make sure backlog items are testable & valuable

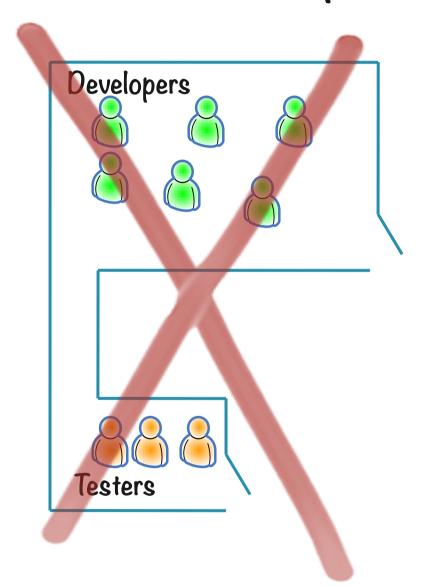
As a buyer I want to save my shopping cart so that I can continue shopping later

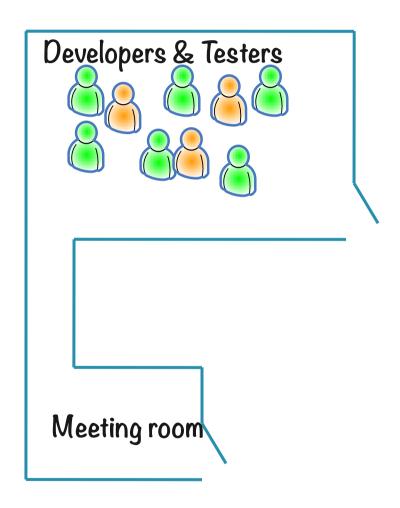
### How to demo:

- 1) Enter store
- 2) Put a book in shopping cart
- 3) Press "save cart"
- 4) Leave store, and enter it again
- 5) Check that the book is in my cart

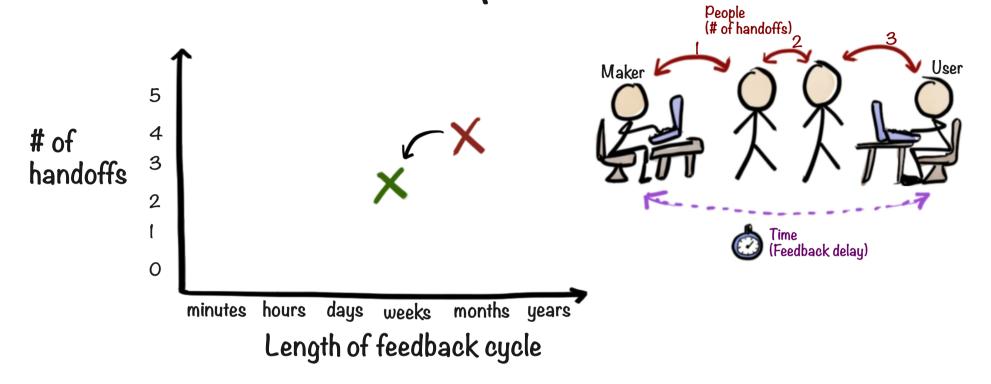


### Sit with the developers

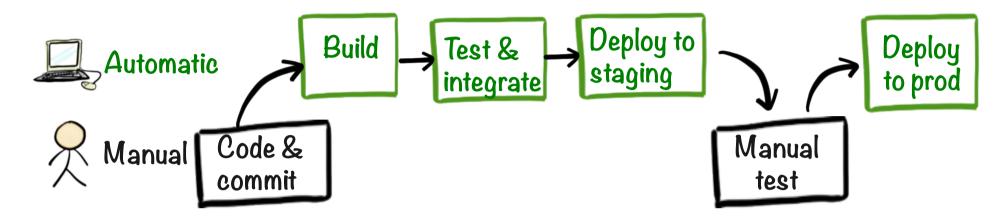


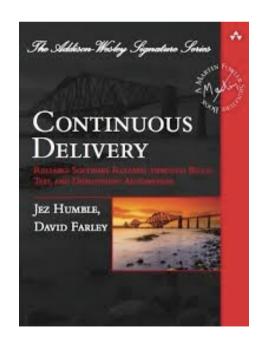


### Shorten the feedback loop



### Push for Continuous Delivery







Unit Test?

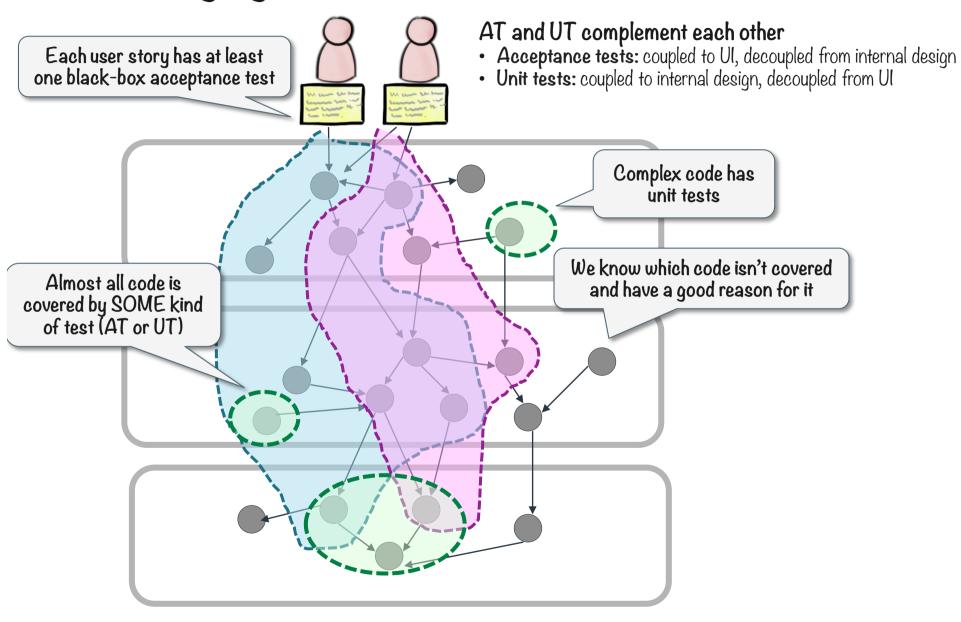
Integration test?

Quality?

Acceptance test?

Technical debt?

### Set working agreements for test automation



### Do & teach exploratory testing



### Done includes "no added technical debt"

Backlog	Ready for dev	ln progress	Ready for production  - No added tech debt
			M. Dan Ch. St.

### Example: Test automation backlog Step 1: Decide what needs to be tested

- Change skin
- Security alert
- Transaction history
- Block account
- Add new user
- Sort query results
- · Deposit cash
- Validate transfer

Step 2: Classify each test

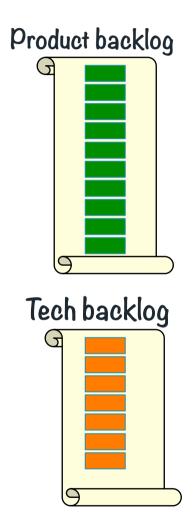
		Pay eventime	· Pa\	once
Test case	Risk	Manual Test Cost	Automation Cost	
Change skin	low	0.5 hrs	high	
Security alert	high	1 hrs	high	
Transaction history	med	3 hrs	low	
Block account	high	5 hrs	low	
Add new user	low	0.5 hrs	low	
Sort query results	med	2 hrs	medium	
Deposit cash	high	1.5 hrs	low	
Validate transfer	high	3 hrs	medium	

Pay every

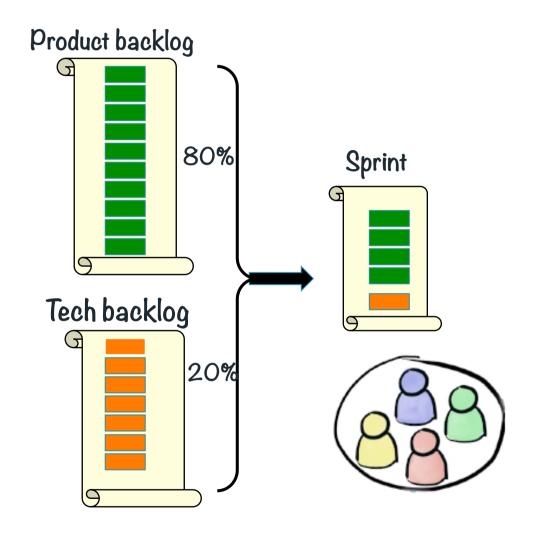
### Step 3: Sort the list

Test case	Risk	Manual Test Cost	Automation Cost	Automate first!	
Block account	high	5 hrs	low	Tutomate moti.	
Validate transfer	high	3 hrs	medium		
Transaction history	med	3 hrs	low	Automate later	
Sort query results	med	2 hrs	medium	Automate later	
Deposit cash	high	1.5 hrs	low		
Security alert	high	1 hr	high		
Add new user	low	0.5 hrs	low	Don't bother automating	
Change skin	low	0.5 hrs	high	ducornating	

### Example: Tech backlog



### Reserve X% of team capacity for the tech backlog

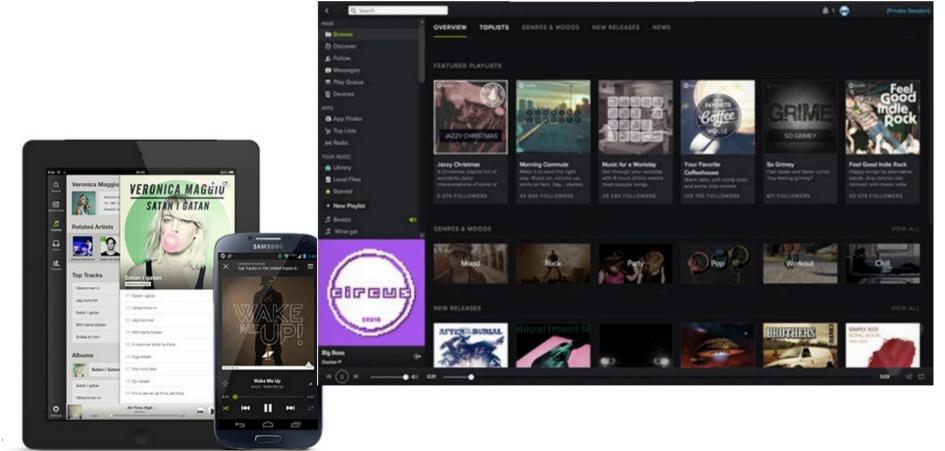


# Example: Spotify

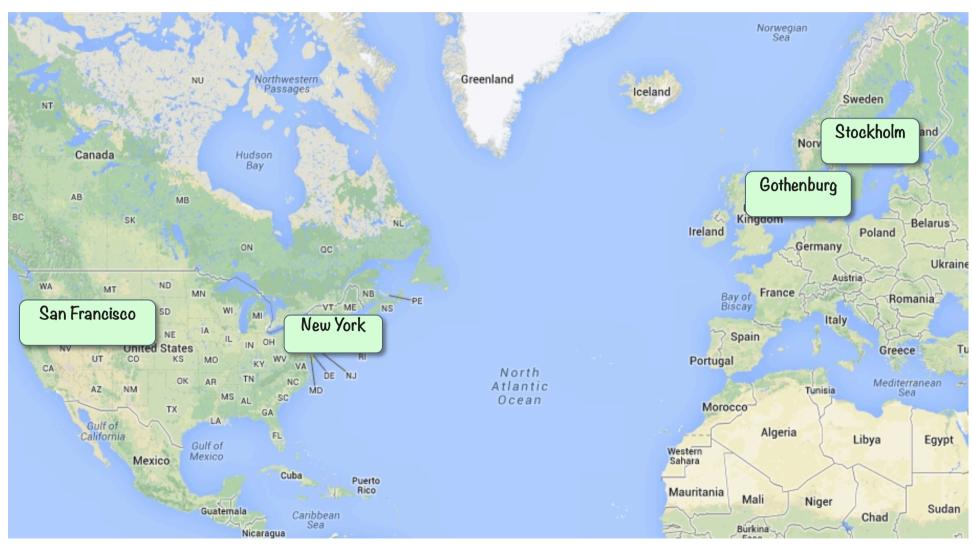


Like a magical music player in which you've bought every song in the world!





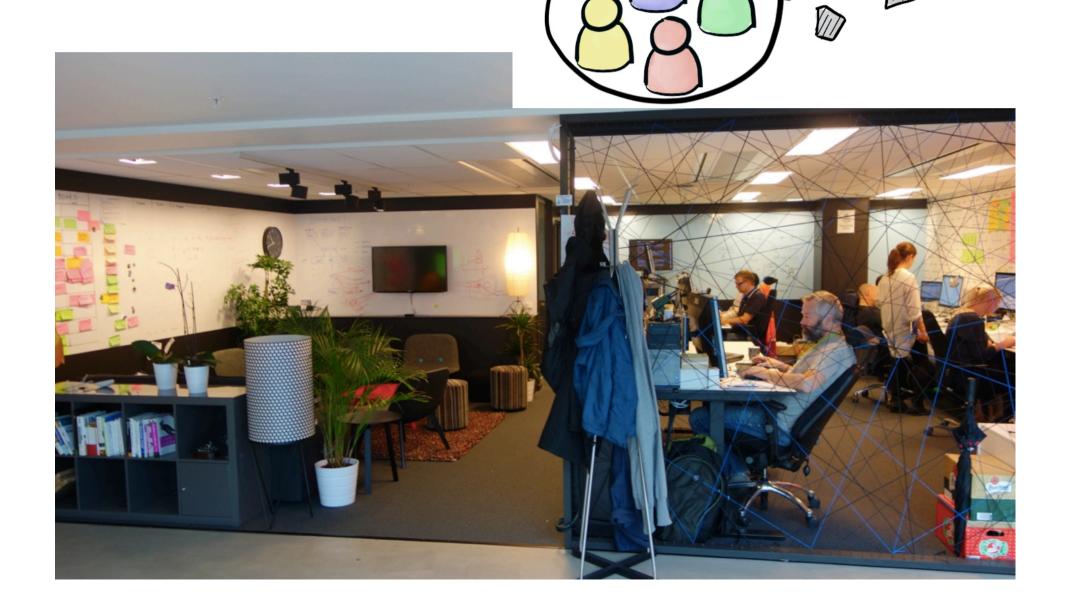
### >400 people in tech



# > 50 squads

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Autonomous Squad Cross-functional, co-located, self-organizing team







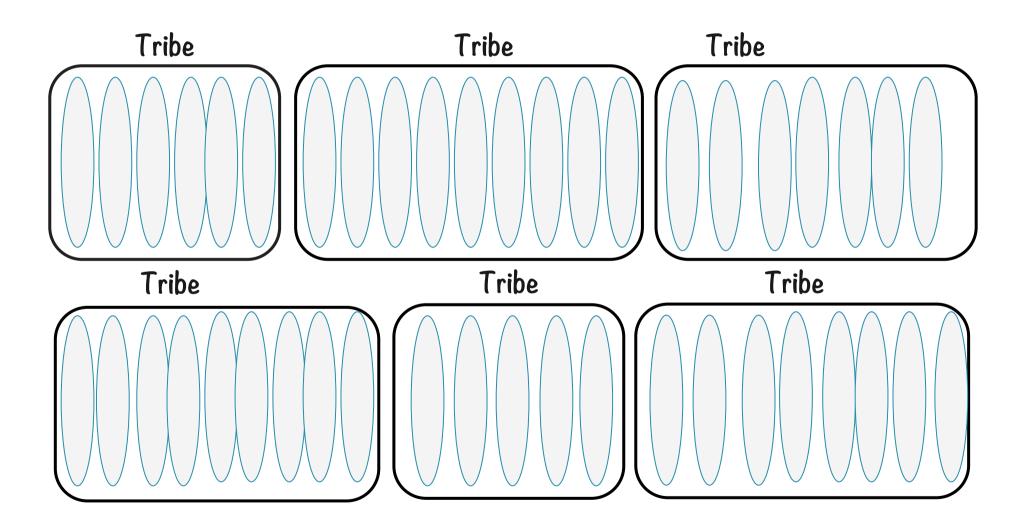




Spotify Premium



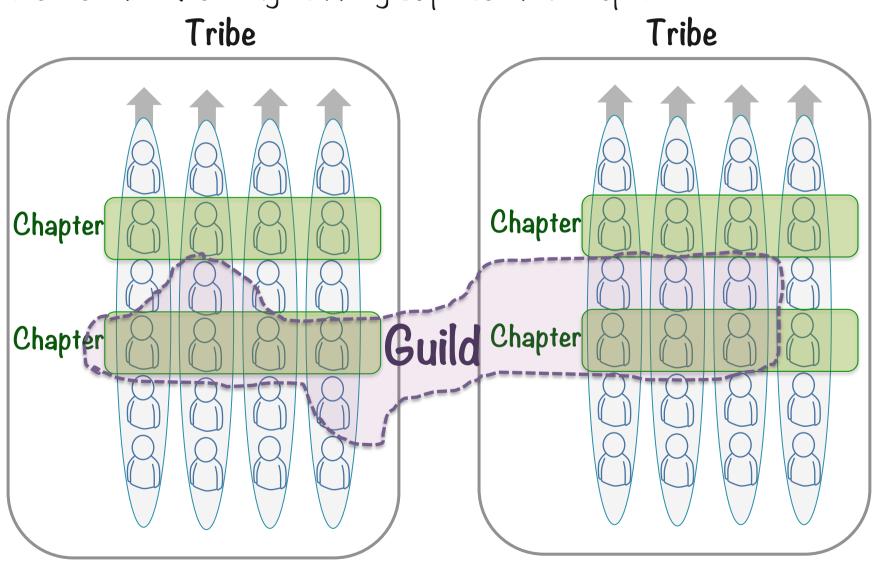
### Squads are grouped into Tribes



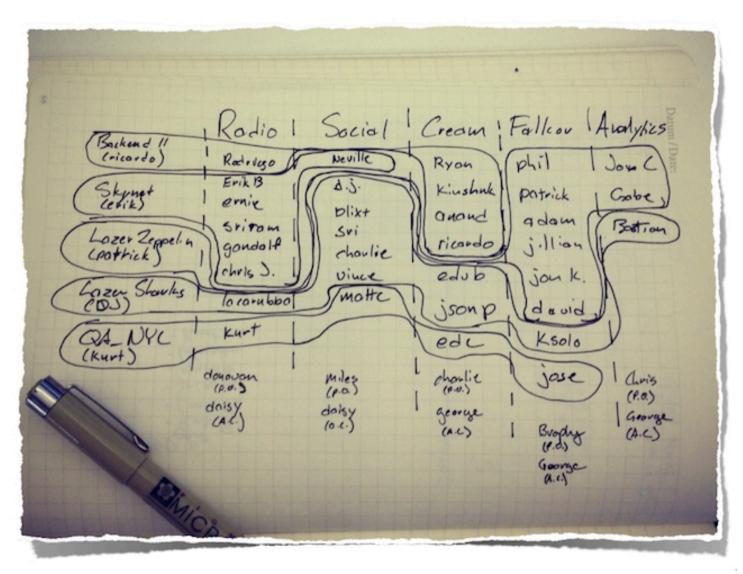
#### Each Tribe is a lightweight matrix focused on delivery

Vertical = Delivery.

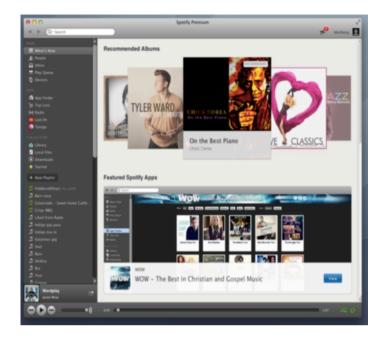
Horizontal = knowledge sharing & personal development

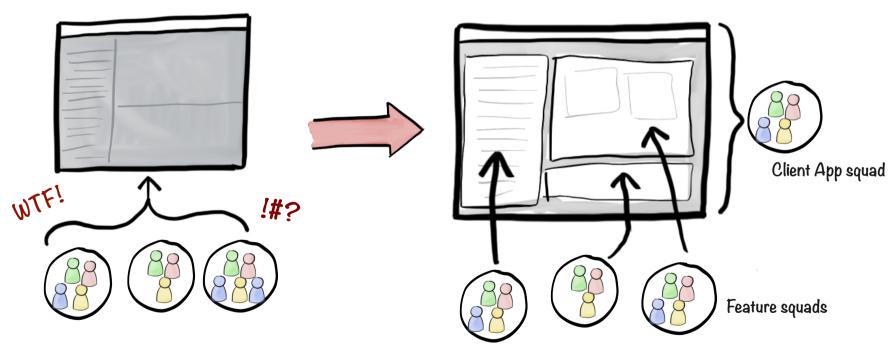


#### Reality is messy



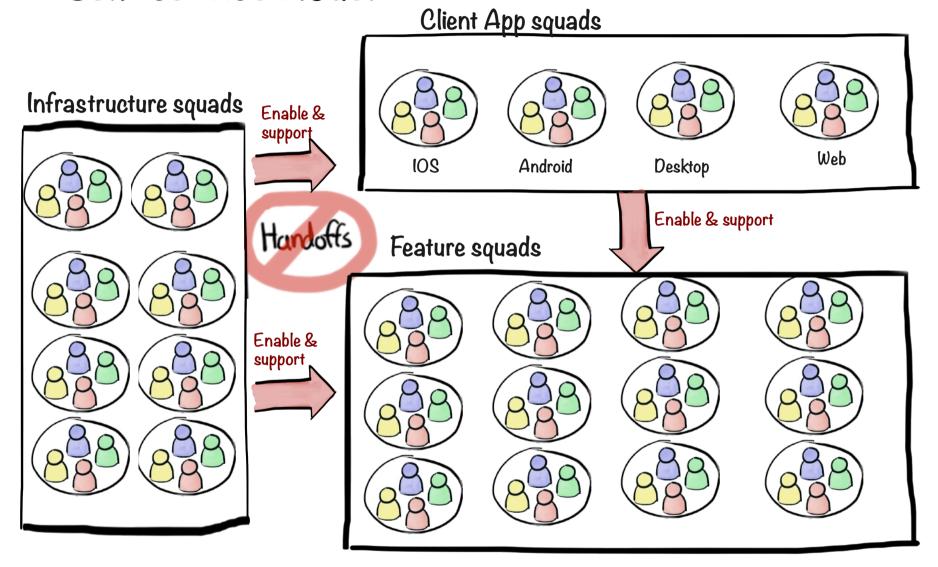
# Decoupling to enable frequent releases



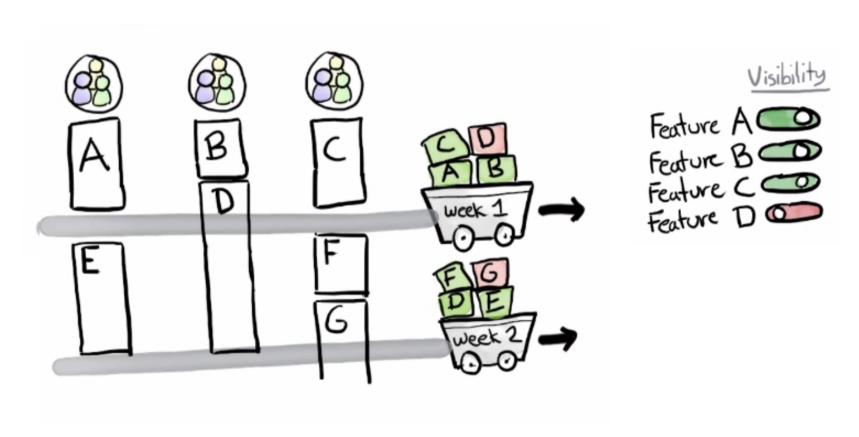


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#### Self-service model



#### Release trains & Feature toggles

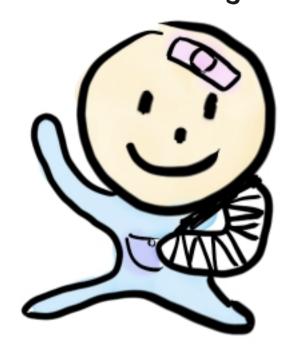


### Failure Recovery is more important than Failure Avoidance

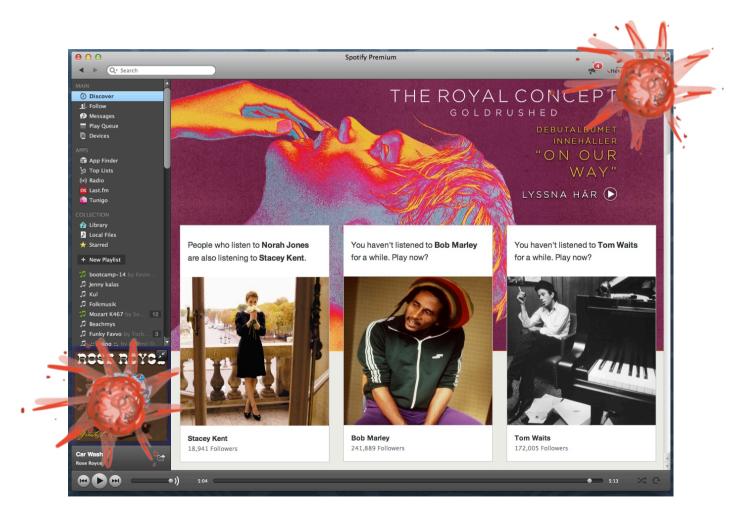
Failure Avoidance

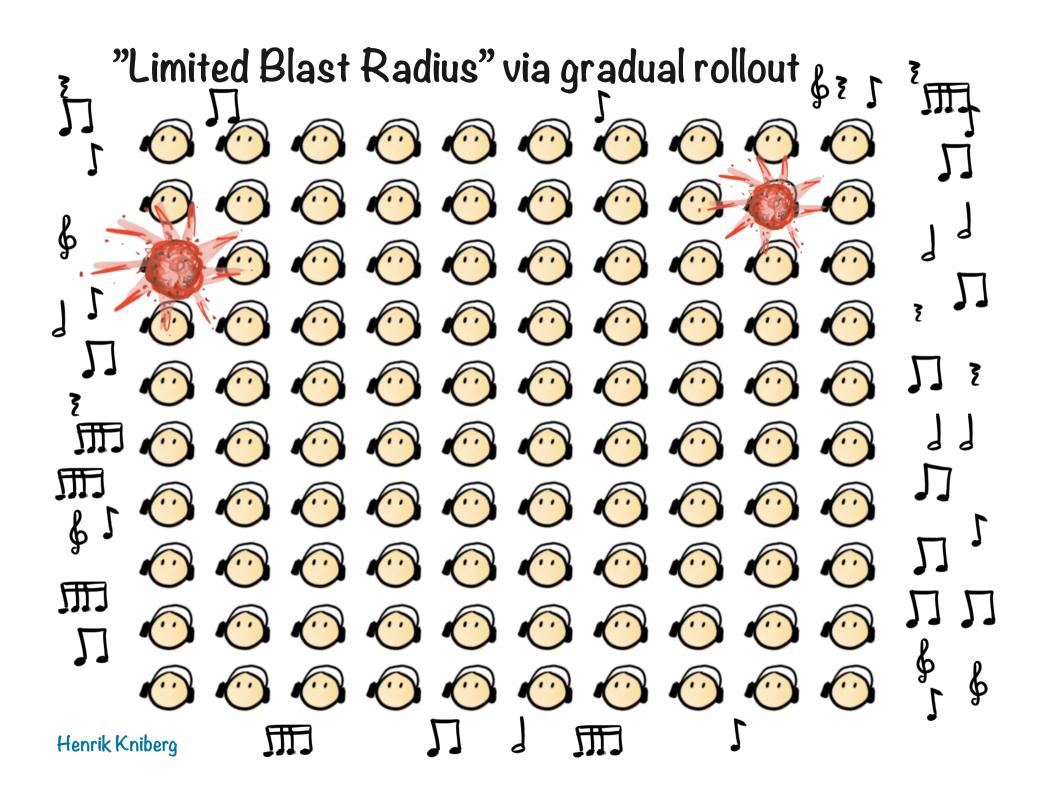


Failure Recovery



#### "Limited Blast Radius" via decoupled architecture





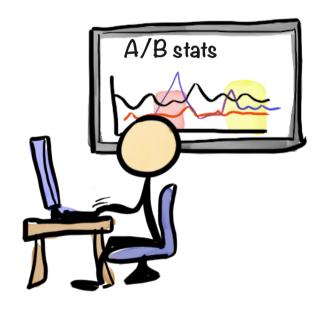
## Trust > Control 100% control = 0% motion

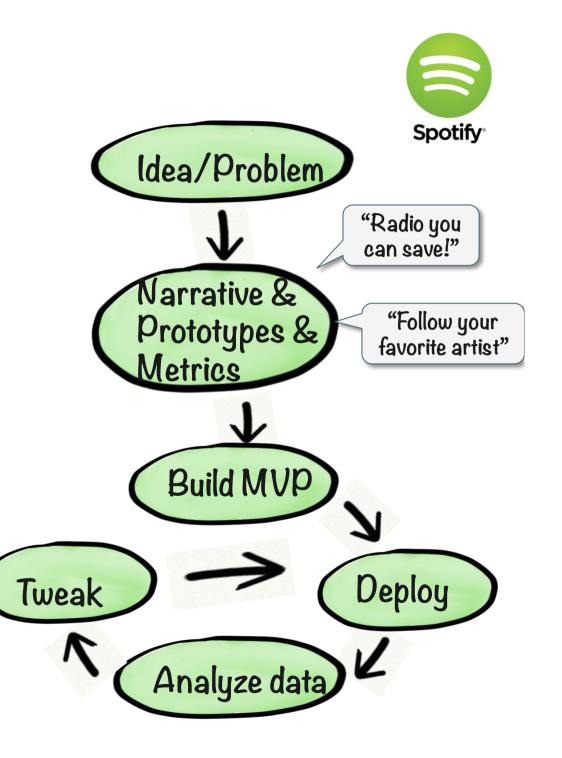
If everything's under control, you're going too slow!

- Mario Andretti HGK **Valvoline** John Player Special

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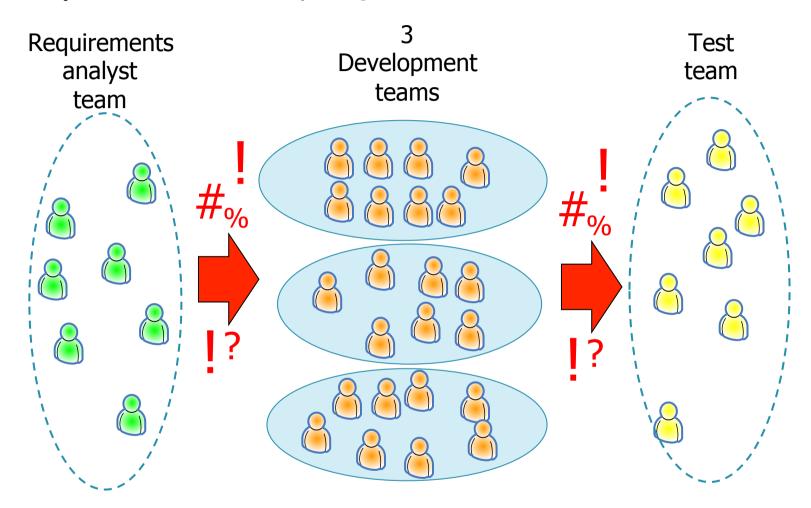


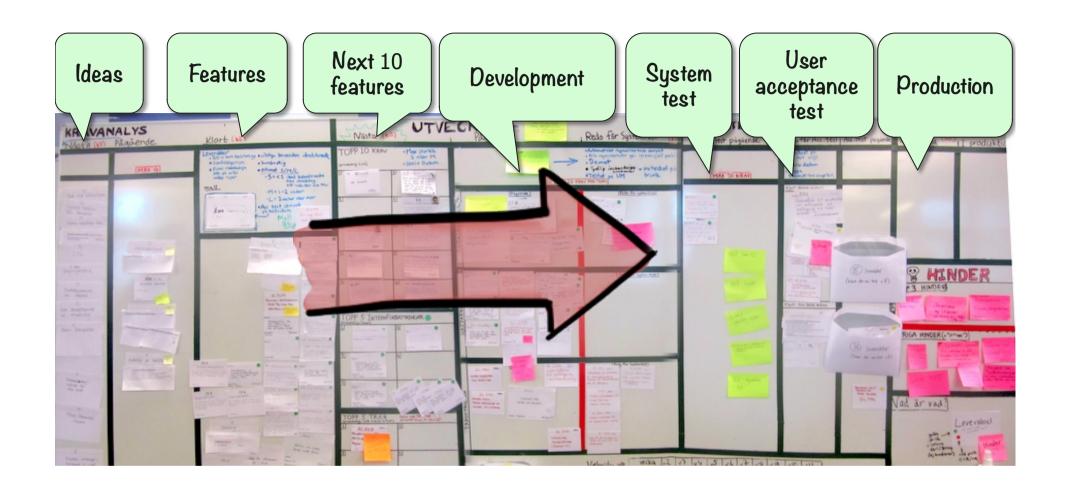




## Example: Big Government Project

#### Team structure - before





Team

Next 10 Dev Ready for Sys test swimlanes features in progress sys test progress UTVECKLING SYSTEMTES PRODUKTION KRAVANALYS , Redo for Redo for Acc test Acc test pagins W HINDER OPP 5 INTENFORMATIONAR

RIGA HINDER (+ ">----")

lad ar vad?

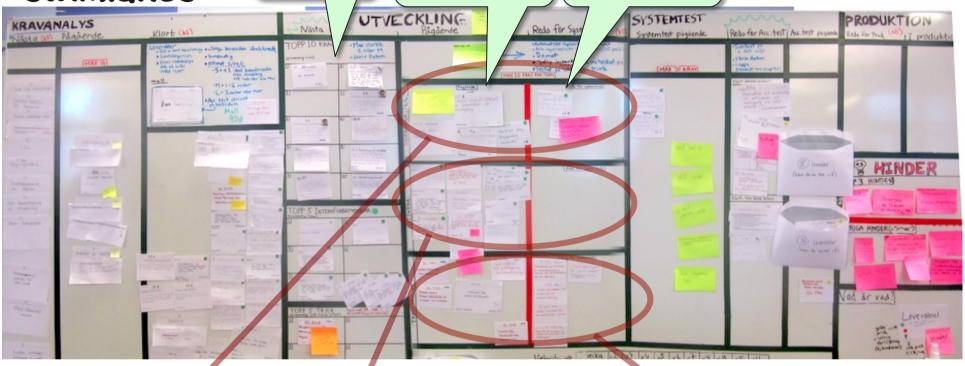
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Team swimlanes

Next 10 features

Dev in progress

Ready for sys test



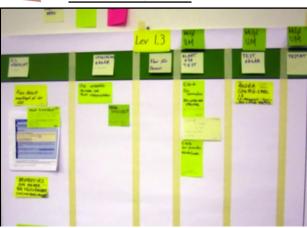
Dev Team 1



Dev Team 2

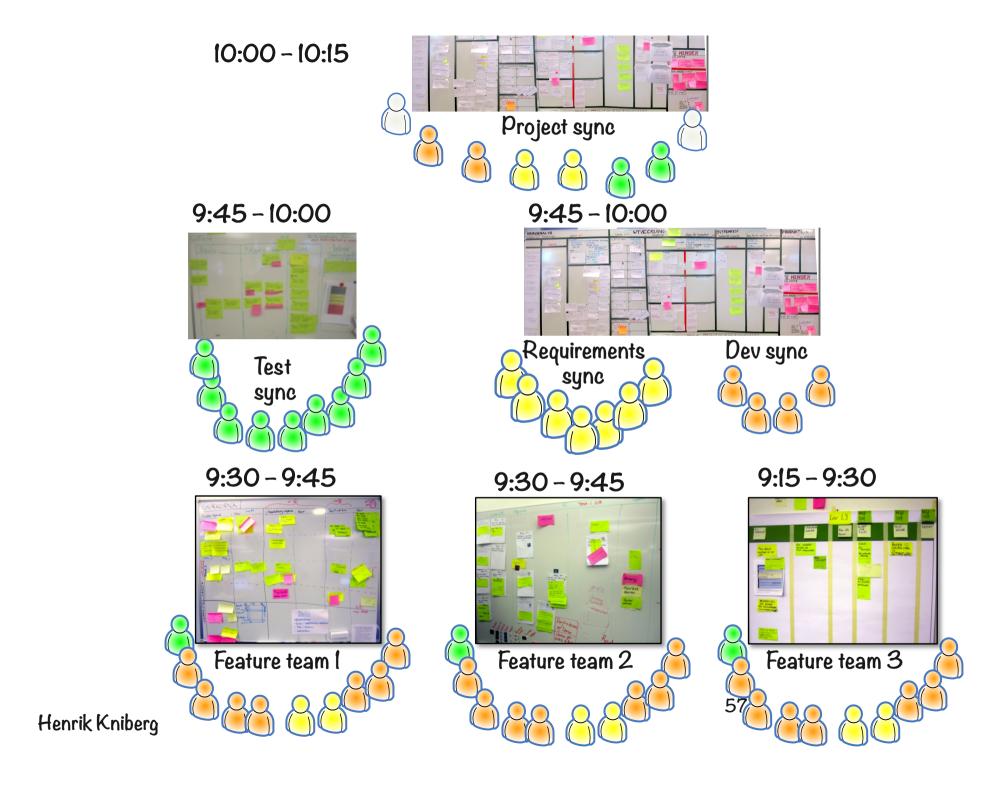


Dev Team 3

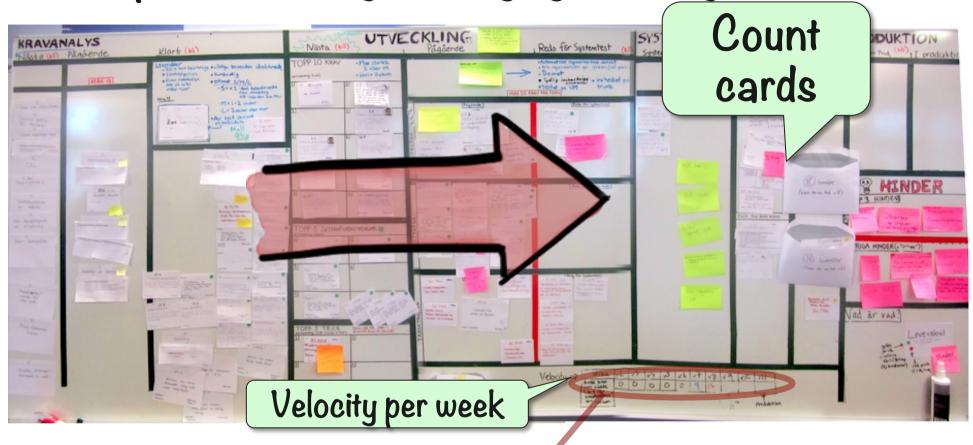


### "Daily cocktail party" 9:15 - 10:15



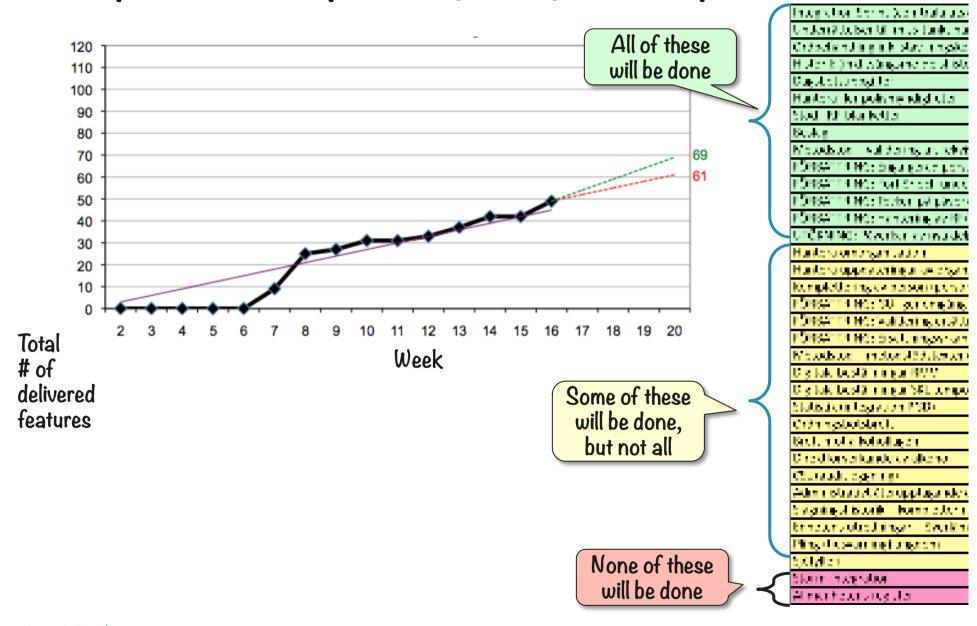


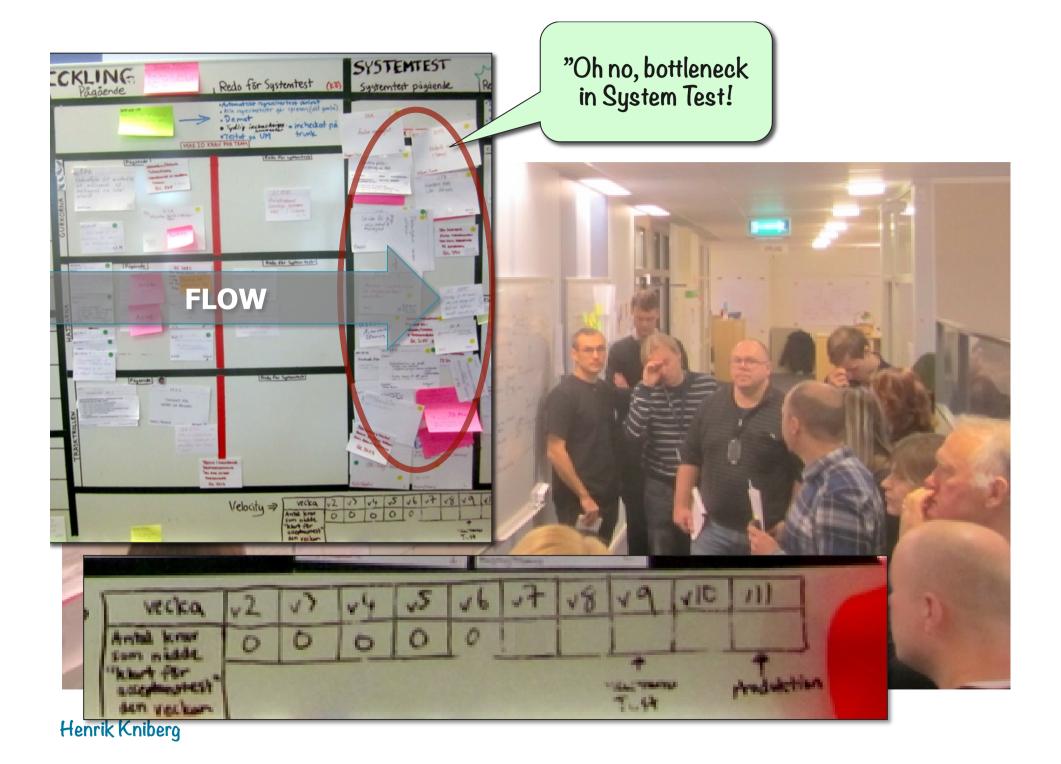
Example: Measuring velocity by counting cards



Vecku	VIO	vll	v12	v13	v14	vIS	v 16	v17	VIS
Antal nya fanktione som nått till 'Redo för AccTest'	4	0	2	4	5	0			
	Prodsatta.							V	

Example: Release planning using a burnup chart





#### Tech stories

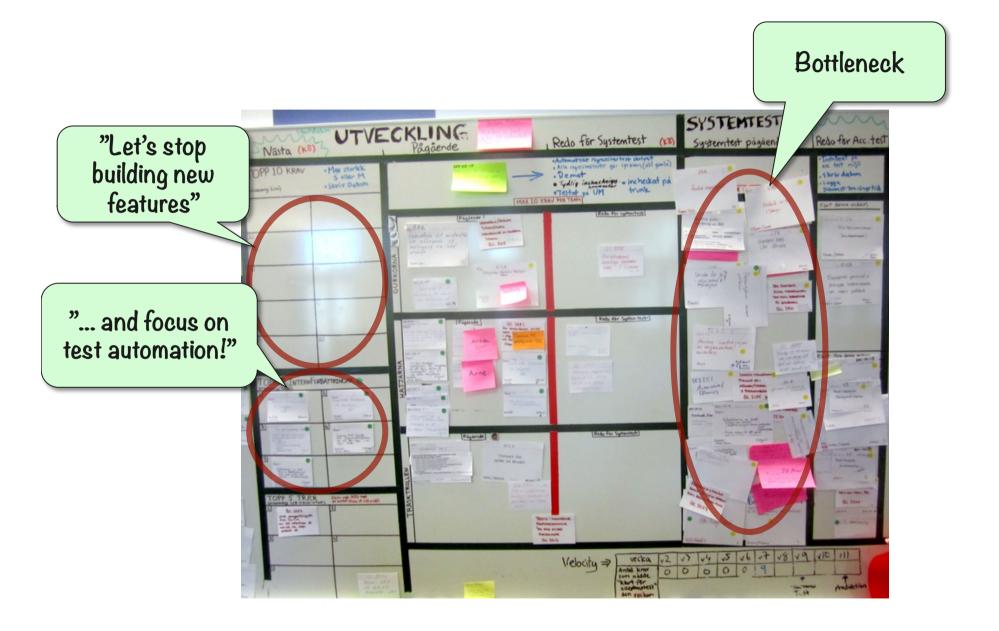
Next 10 features

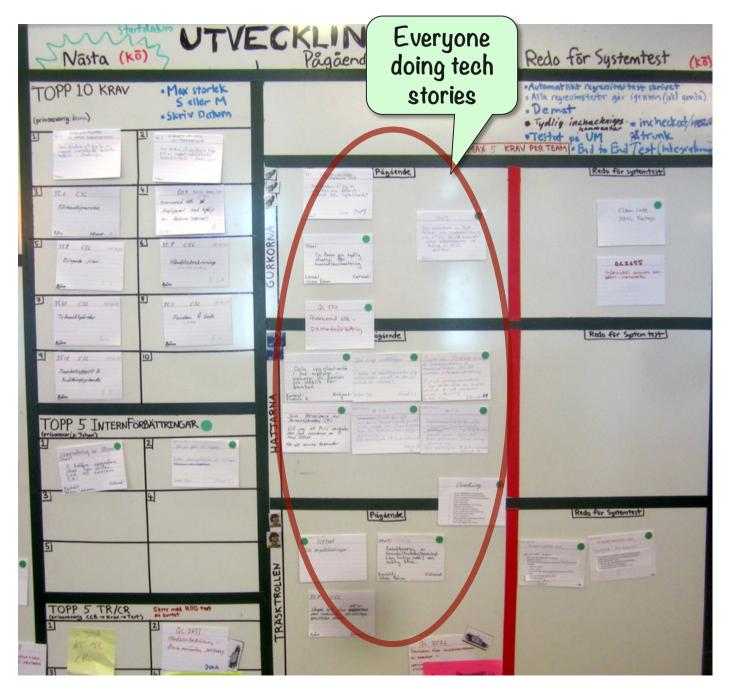


Start:

Ta fram en tydlig
strategi får
transaktionshantering

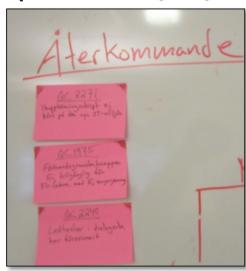
Kontakt: Estimat:
Johan Rahm

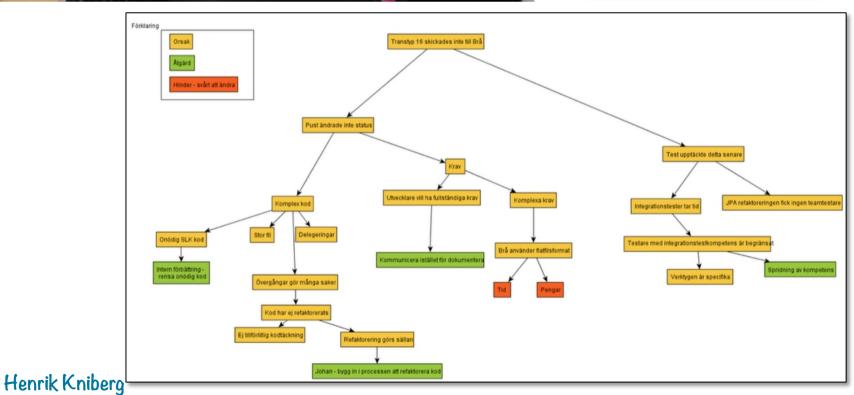




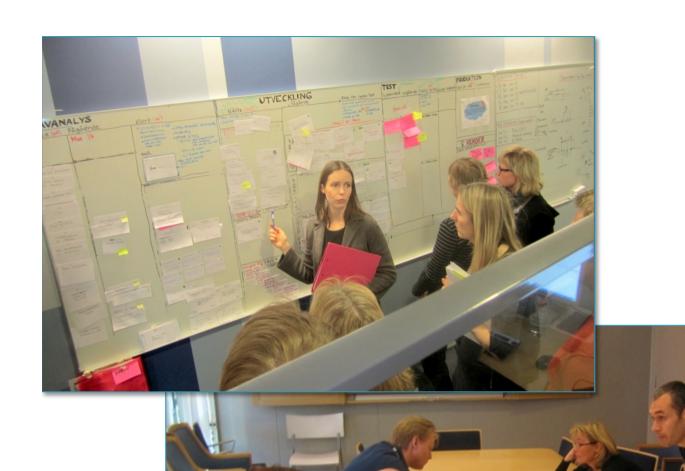


#### Top 3 recurring bugs





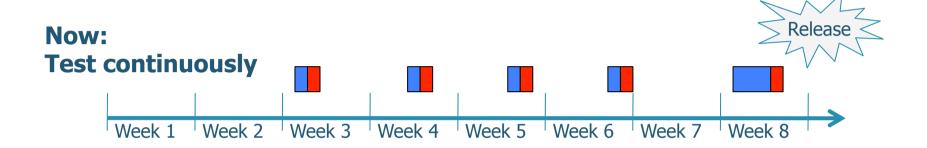


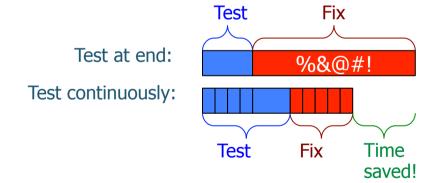




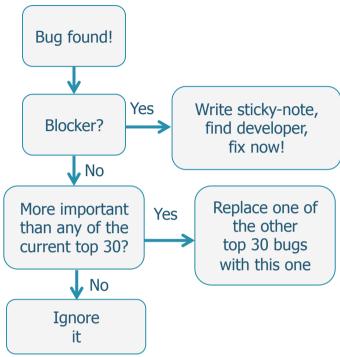
Henrik Kniber







Bug fixing process





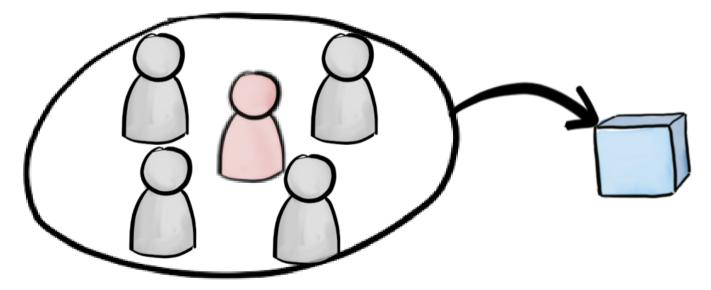
#### Three input queues



# Wrapup

#### What is an Agile Tester?

- An agile team member with testing expertise
- · Helps the team become quality-aware
- · ... and learn how to deliver better stuff



#### Mindset

Quality Assurance

Manual test

Functional test

Requirements

Late involvement

Long feedback loop

Find defects



**\( \)** 











Quality Assistance

Automatic test

Exploratory test

Customer needs

Early involvement

Short feedback loop

Prevent defects

#### Agile is a direction, not a place

